

# Weekly Crop Situation Report

20.02.2021 to 26.02.2021

Sr#	Institute	Crop	Sowing Area	Pest/Disease/Weeds Infestation	Overall condition of crop	Rainfall mm	Temp.°C	Advisory to farmers	Additional remarks
1	Wheat Research Institute, Faisalabad	Wheat	Punjab = 16.210 Pakistan = 22.635		Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Be vigilant about rust. Don't mix yellowing with rust</li> </ul>	If rust appears then apply fungicide spray on the affected patch in order to control spread of disease. Be careful about irrigation, more or less irrigation can affect crop.
2	Sugarcane Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane	643 (000) ha (Crop reporting services 2019-20)	Stem borer, Whip Smut in plant crop and Weed infestation in neglected fields.	Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Complete the spring plantation of Sugarcane up to mid-March</li> <li>● Harvests the crop at ground level/one inch below to avoid Larvae attack</li> <li>● Cover the harvested crop and supply it to Sugar Mills as early as possible to minimize the staling losses</li> </ul>	Frequent feedback received from the farmers

							<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Irrigate the September planted sugarcane according to crop requirement and weather forecast</li> <li>● Regularly visit the crop, if any problem about insect/ pest, and disease will be solved</li> <li>● Chemical and cultural control of weed practices should be adopted</li> <li>● For ratoon crop, cover the field with trash after harvesting to avoid from cold</li> <li>● Use Zinc Phosphide as bait to check rodents attack in lodged crop</li> <li>● Spray of bifenthrin or lamada @ 250 ml or 400ml respectively should be sprayed in case of attack of black bugs especially on ratoon crop</li> </ul>	
3	Vegetable Research Institute, Faisalabad	Spinach		Army worm and cutworm	Satisfactory		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Judicious use of fertilizers for better seed production as well as better</li> </ul>	

								<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>production of fresh crop</li> <li>● Irrigate the field as per atmospheric condition for better fresh production</li> <li>● Spray against insects, pests and diseases</li> <li>● Save the crop from frost in growing area</li> <li>● Weeds must be eradicated to minimize plant weed competition</li> </ul>	
		Radish			Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Proper utilization of fertilizers to better production</li> <li>● Spray against insects and pests</li> <li>● Irrigate the field according to climatic conditions</li> <li>● Spray against pre and post emergence weeds</li> <li>● Adopt the recommended production technology for seed production</li> <li>● No more delay in steckling for better seed production</li> <li>● Maintenance of recommended</li> </ul>	Sowing of steckling from the radish crop is in progress for seed production.

							distance for better seed production	
	Turnip			Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Proper utilization of fertilizers to better production</li> <li>● Spray against insects and pests</li> <li>● Irrigate the field according to climatic conditions</li> <li>● Spray against pre and post emergence weeds</li> <li>● Adopt the recommended production technology for seed production</li> <li>● No more delay in steckling for better seed production</li> <li>● Maintenance of recommended distance for better seed production</li> </ul>	Sowing of steckling from the turnip crop is in progress for seed production.
	Cauliflower		Cabbage butterfly	Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Proper utilization of fertilizers to better production</li> <li>● Spray against insects and pests</li> <li>● Irrigate the field according to climatic conditions</li> <li>● Spray against pre and post emergence weeds</li> <li>● Adopt</li> </ul>	The crop is moving towards bolting stage hence implicating adversely on its fresh production.

							recommended seed production technology	
		Cabbage		Cabbage butterfly	Satisfactory		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Proper utilization of fertilizers to better production</li> <li>● Irrigate the field according to climatic conditions</li> <li>● Spray against insects and pests</li> <li>● Spray against pre and post emergence weeds</li> <li>● Adopt recommended seed production technology</li> <li>● Application of phosphorous fertilizer essential for better growth and development at head formation stage</li> </ul>	The crop is moving towards bolting stage hence implicating adversely on its fresh production.
		Carrot			Satisfactory		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Judicious use of fertilizers for uniform and significantly higher root yield</li> <li>● Irrigation according to climatic conditions</li> <li>● Spray against pre emergence as well as post emergence weeds</li> </ul>	

							<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Spray against insect pests and diseases</li> <li>● No more delay in steckling for better seed production</li> <li>● Maintenance of recommended distance for better seed production</li> </ul>	
	Coriander		cutworm	Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Complete thinning of the off type plants in crop sowing</li> <li>● Keep the field weed free</li> <li>● Irrigate the field according to climatic conditions</li> <li>● Spray against pests and diseases if any</li> <li>● Save the crop from frost in growing areas</li> </ul>	The crop is moving towards bolting stage hence implicating adversely on its fresh production.
	Peas		Medium to high	Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Judicious use of fertilizers</li> <li>● Spray for eradication of weeds and disease pathogens</li> <li>● Irrigation in accordance with the climatic conditions</li> <li>● Keep the crop from frosty night by fire and use of plastic sheet</li> </ul>	

4	Oilseed Research Institute, Faisalabad	Brassica		Pests: Nil Disease: Nil Weeds: Nil	Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Spray Carbosulfan 20 EC @ 500 ml/acre against Mustard aphid if its population reaches at ETL (50-60) per top 10 cm of central shoot/twig</li> <li>● Harvest the crop when 50% siliques turn brown</li> <li>● Don't spray 15 days before harvesting</li> </ul>	
		Linseed					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Second irrigation should be provided at flowering stage</li> <li>● Spray Carbosulfan 20 EC @ 500 ml/acre against Mustard aphid if its population reaches at ETL (50-60) per top 10 cm of central shoot/twig</li> </ul>		

5	Pulses Research Institute, Faisalabad	Gram	1961		Below Normal			<p><b>Rabi Crop: (lentil)Chickpea &amp;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Eradicate the weeds from fields at an early stage. Use of rotary is suitable method in Thall region to eradicate weeds</li> <li>● In irrigated area the Gram crop at flowering and pod formation stage may be irrigated</li> <li>● Termite infested soils may be treated with proper insecticides in irrigated areas</li> <li>● Farmers especially in Rawalpindi Division and Mankera Tehsil should remain vigilant about the weather conditions</li> <li>● In case of repeated rain splashes in chickpea area the disease Ascochyta Blight of Chickpea may appear. In</li> </ul>
		Masoor	1.96					



								<p>case disease infestation observed, uproot the infected plant and buried them deep in the soil</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ascochyta Blight disease of chickpea first appears in patches then in whole fields</li> <li>● If the weather remains dry in the month of February, the chances of blight are very low</li> <li>● However if the weather becomes rainy and prolongs then the farmers be advised to spray fungicides at ten days interval on the appearance of diseased patches of blight</li> </ul>	
6	Horticulture Research Institute, Faisalabad	Guava	0.139	Infestation of weeds were recorded Remove weeds by ploughing the	Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Apply completely decomposed farmyard manure</li> <li>● Continue regular cultural practices</li> </ul>	

				field						
		Date Palm	0.014 8	Spray chlropyriphos around the stems which are exposed to red palm weevil and do earthen up	Satisfactory				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Irrigate newly planted field according to the prevailing weather conditions</li> <li>● Cover newly planted offshoots with rice straw or date palm fronds and tie them firmly from top</li> </ul>	
		Ber	0.013 5	Eradicate weeds from field  Apply third spray of tri chlorofon against fruit fly if needed	Satisfactory				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Apply fertilizer if not applied yet</li> <li>● Cover grafted plants with polythene sheet</li> </ul>	
7	Agronomic Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane			Satisfactory	0.0mm (Faisalabad) 0.0mm (Farooqabad, S.Pura) 0.0 mm (Khanewal) 0.0 mm (Karor, Layyah) 0.0 mm (Bahawalpur)	28.3/12.2°C (Faisalabad) 25.0/14.28°C (Farooqabad) 28.0/11.6°C (Khanewal) 26.4/13.75°C (Karor, Layyah) 30.0/13.0°C (Bahawalpur)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Irrigate the crop as per the need</li> <li>● Rouge out the diseased plants from the field</li> <li>● Beware of the rodents as well. Use appropriate insecticide for the control of root borer</li> <li>● Do not irrigate the crop which is to be harvested</li> <li>● Prepare the field for February plantation</li> </ul>	Effective weed control is a prerequisite for ensuring healthier and vigorous crop growth and yield. For any type of assistance/help regarding weed control in all crops, please	

							<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>at the earliest</li> <li>● Use only the recommended varieties for sowing of spring crop</li> <li>● Do not spray any fungicide unless the attack of rust is confirmed. Yellowing of leaves only does not mean the attack of rust. Check the weather forecast prior to irrigating the crop</li> </ul>	contact Mr. Muhammad Ashiq (Senior Scientist) of this institute. His contact number is 0300-76 57 249.	
		Wheat			Satisfactory				
8	Entomologica l Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane		Borers Complex 0-0.65% Pyrilla 0-0.5 per leaf Mealybug Nil Whitefly Nil Black bug 0-1.5	Fruit borer and fruit fly are present on guava			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Creating awareness among farmers about major insect pests problem and suggested integrated approach for controlling insect pests</li> </ul>	
		Wheat		Aphid 2-5 per tiller					
		Mango		Mango Fruit Fly Nil Mango Hopper 0-0.5 nymph or adult/ branch					
		Citrus		Fruit Fly 0-2.5 % Psylla0-0.95 per Leafminer 0-3.25% Black Fly 0.75 per leaf					
		Guava		Fruit Fly 0-5.5% infestation 0.9/trap/week Fruit Borer 0-0.42 %					

		Vegetables		Brinjal fruit borer 0-4.75% Thrips Below ETL Mites Above ETL Armyworm In patches Cucurbit sucking insects Below ETL Fruit Fly 0-4.5% Jassid 0-0.12 per leaf				
		Rice		Plant Hopper Nil				
		Maize		Stem borer Nil				
9	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha	Rabi Fodder		Minor attack of Root rot disease was observed in berseem crop. Minor attack of alfalfa weevil was observed on lucerne crop.	Good			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Weed eradication is necessary for good growth of lucerne, Berseem and oats</li> <li>● Frequent cuts should be taken in case of alfalfa weevil attack on lucerne. To avoid the attack of root rot disease on berseem apply light irrigation after cutting</li> </ul>
10	Citrus Research Institute, Sargodha	Citrus		<b>Plant Pathology Division</b> Stem Gummosis was observed on most of the citrus varieties.	Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Surveillance and monitoring of mealybug eggs should be carried out at regular interval</li> </ul>

			<p>Symptoms of Citrus canker and fungal diseases spots were observed on some leaves of old trees.</p> <p><b>Entomology Division</b></p> <p>Minor infestation of Citrus Red Scale, Citrus psylla and lemon butterfly was observed in the citrus orchard and nursery due to emergence of new flush.</p>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● For citrus red scale the infested fruits should be washed with detergent after harvesting</li> <li>● Spray of copper based fungicide like copper hydroxide @ 2.5 gm/ liter of water is recommended where fruit has been harvested</li> <li>● Stem pasting of fungicides success along with lime @ 1 : 10 is recommended for the control of gummosis</li> </ul>	
11	PPRI, Faisalabad	Spinach	<p>Stemphylium blight</p> <p>Upto 09%</p>	Satisfactory			<p>Spray the crop after cutting with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Topsin-M @2gm/liter of water</li> <li>● Cytrol @ 2gm/liter of water</li> </ul>	
		Cauliflower	<p>Bacterial Soft rot</p> <p>Upto 05%</p>	Satisfactory			<p>Spray the crop with one of the following fungicides.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Bordexure mixture (4:4:50)</li> <li>● Thrill @ 3g/liter of water.</li> <li>● Kocide @ 3gm/liter of water</li> </ul>	

		Guava		Bacterial Blight Upto 09%	Satisfactory			<p>Spray the plants with</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Flare @ 1gm/liter of water</li> <li>● Thrill @ 2gm/liter of water.</li> <li>● Kocid @3gm/liter of water</li> </ul>	
		Berseem		Stem and crown rot Upto 10%	Satisfactory			<p>Spray the crop along with adjacent soil thoroughly with one of the following fungicides immediately after cutting the crop to save the next cutting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Amistar Top @ 2cc/liter of water</li> <li>● Score @ 1cc/liter of water</li> </ul> <p>Note: Avoid over irrigation</p>	
12	BARI, Chakwal	Groundnut	0.22	Hairy caterpillar attack was observed in some areas, which was controlled by spraying insecticides. Weeds infestation was also a serious problem, which was eradicated	Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Start preparation of land and seed for sowing crop in coming season</li> <li>● Select sandy soil to grow groundnut for better yield</li> <li>● Tillage practices should perform three to four time prior to sowing the crop. First tillage should be done</li> </ul>	<p>Agricultural Experts should be consulted for the control of insects &amp; diseases. Farmers can contact on Mobile phone No. 0334562212 5 (Fida</p>

				manually and by spraying weedicides.				during first week of February. Deep ploughing should be done as first tillage so that maximum rain water may be preserved in the soil	Hassan Shah) for the production technology and problems of Groundnut crop.
		Olive		Very mild attack of wooly aphid is being observed at a few orchards.	Satisfactory			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Control the attack of Wooly Aphid by spraying Biphenthrine @4ml/ L of water</li> <li>● Control Termites attacks in new planted olive plants by applying Chlorpyrifos @ 7ml/L of water</li> <li>● Bring consideration of your activities for next year fruiting orchard</li> </ul>	Advisory services are provided to the farmers at the institute as well as on the farms.
13	Arid Zone Research Institute, Bhakkar	Wheat						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Crop is at heading stage and it is critical stage regarding irrigation application</li> <li>● Increase the frequency of irrigation due to heavy frost especially in week soils</li> <li>● Adopt suitable measures to control wheat aphid</li> </ul>	

		Chickpea						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Gram bod borer and blight infestation can be problem, so pest/ disease scouting must be performed on weekly basis</li> <li>● Gram pod borer infestation is on the door so be ready for its management</li> <li>● In irrigated crop, irrigation must be applied due to rising temperature</li> </ul>	
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