Weekly Crop Situation Report 29.01.2022 to 04.02.2022

| Sr# | Institute | Crop | Sowing Area | Pest/Disease/Weeds Infestation | Overall condition of crop | Rainfall mm | Temp.°C | Advisory to farmers | Additional remarks |
|-----|---|-----------|--|---|---------------------------|----------------|---------|---|---|
| | Sugarcane Research Institute, Faisalabad | Sugarcane | 776 (000) ha (1st estima te, Crop report ing servic es 2021- 22) | Stem borer, Whip Smut in plant crop and Weed infestation in neglected fields. | Normal | | | Chemical and cultural practices of weed control should be adopted Irrigate the September planted sugarcane according to crop requirement and weather forecast Stop irrigation one month before harvesting Harvest the crop at ground level/one inch below to avoid Larvae attack Cover the harvested crop and supply it to Sugar Mills as early as possible to minimize the staling losses Spray of bifenthirn or lamada @ 250-400ml respectively should be sprayed in case of attack of black | Frequent feedback received from the farmers |

| | | | | | bugs especially on ratoon crop • Use recommended insecticide to control borer etc attack to the crop • Use Chloripyriphose @ 1.5 L/acre to control sugarcane pyrilla • Use Zinc Phosphide as bait to check rodents attack in lodged crop • Prepared the field for February sowing |
|---|---|---------|-------------------------|--------------|---|
| 2 | Vegetable Research Institute, Faisalabad | Spinach | Leaf Blight & Army worm | Satisfactory | Judicious use of fertilizers for better production of fresh crop Irrigate the field as per atmospheric conditions Spray against insects, pests and diseases Weeds must be eradicated to minimize plant weed competition Save the crop from frost in growing areas |
| | | Radish | Medium | Satisfactory | Complete radish steckling for better seed production |

| | Turnip | Medium | Satisfactory | | Adopt recommended seed production technology Save the crop from frost in growing areas Proper utilization of fertilizers to better production Spray against insects and pests Spray against pre and post emergence weeds Complete radish steckling for better seed production Adopt recommended seed production echnology Save the crop from frost in growing areas Proper utilization of fertilizers to better production | |
|--|------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|--------------------|
| | | | | | fertilizers to better production • Spray against insects and pests • Spray against pre | |
| | Cauliflowe | Medium to high | Satisfactory | | and post emergence weeds • Proper utilization of | Bolting of |
| | r | C | | | fertilizers to better production | crop is increasing |

| | | | | | Spray against insects and pests Spray against pre and post emergence weeds Save the crop from frost in growing areas. | that may impact on fresh production of crop. |
|--|---------|----------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | Cabbage | Medium to high | Satisfactory | | Proper utilization of fertilizers to better production Spray against insects and pests Spray against pre and post emergence weeds Save the crop from frost in growing areas | |
| | Carrot | | Satisfactory | | Balance use of fertilizers during seed bed preparation Complete radish steckling for better seed production. Adopt recommended seed production technology Spray against pre emergence as well as post emergence weeds | Start of sowing of carrot steckling for early seed production. |

| | | | | | • Save the crop from frost in growing areas | |
|---|---|-----------|--|--------------|--|--|
| | | Coriander | Cutworm, Jassid and White fly | Satisfactory | | |
| | | Peas | Medium to high | | Judicious use of fertilizers Spray for eradication of weeds and disease pathogens Irrigation in accordance with the climatic conditions Keep the crop from frosty night by fire | |
| 3 | Oilseed Research Institute, Faisalabad | Brassica | Pests: Nil Disease: Nil Weeds: Nil | Satisfactory | | |

| ● Ap | ply Sulphur @ 6 |
|---------|---------------------|
| | /acre with |
| | gation at |
| | wering for |
| | nificant increase |
| | yield |
| | move excess |
| l l wa | ter from field if |
| l l req | uired |
| | gate the field |
| | er one month of |
| | mination |
| | move excess |
| | nts before first |
| | gation. |
| | ve 1 bag urea |
| | th first irrigation |
| | move excess |
| | ter from field if |
| | uired |

| 4 Pulses Research Institute, Faisalabac | Rabi Crop: (Chickpea & lentil) | | | | Rabi Crop: (Chickpea & lentil) • Eradicate the weeds from fields at an early stage. Use of rotary is suitable method in Thall region to eradicate weeds • Termite infested soils may be treated with proper insecticides in irrigated areas • Farmers especially in Rawalpindi Division should remain vigilant | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|---|--|--|
| 5 Agronomi Research Institute, Faisalabad | | Satisfactory | 0.0 mm (Faisalabad) | 21.3 /7.0 °C (Faisalabad) 23.42/5.57 °C (Farooqabad) | of repeated rain splashes in chickpea area the disease Ascochyta Blight of Chickpea may appear. In case disease infestation observed, uproot the infected plant and buried them deep in the soil Irrigate the crop as per the need Use appropriate insecticide for the | |

| | | | | 0.0 mm | 22.24/5.6 °C | control of root | for ensuring |
|--|-------|--|--|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | (Farooqabad, | (Khanewal) | borer. | healthier and |
| | Wheat | | | S.Pura) | 18.8 /5.6 °C (Karor, | • Weeds rob the crop | vigorous |
| | | | | 0.0 mm | Layyah) | plants of many | crop growth |
| | | | | (Khanewal) | 20.00/6.0 °C | nutrients, moisture, | and yield. |
| | | | | 0.0 mm | (Bahawalpur) | sunlight and space; | For any type |
| | | | | (Karor, | | thus their effective | of |
| | | | | Layyah) 0.0 mm | | and timely control | assistance/hel |
| | | | | (Bahawalpur) | | is indispensable. | p regarding |
| | | | | (Danawaipui) | | Use only the | weed control |
| | | | | | | recommended | in all crops, |
| | | | | | | weedicides and | please |
| | | | | | | methods of spray to | contact Mr. |
| | | | | | | control weeds. | Muhammad |
| | | | | | | Complete | Ashiq |
| | | | | | | production plan can | (Senior |
| | | | | | | be assessed at | Scientist) of |
| | | | | | | http://dai.agripunjab | this institute. |
| | | | | | | .gov.pk/ | His contact |
| | | | | | | | number is |
| | | | | | | | 0300-76 57 |
| | | | | | | | 249. |
| | | | | | | | Fertilizer |
| | | | | | | | management |
| | | | | | | | should be |
| | | | | | | | based on soil |
| | | | | | | | fertility |
| | | | | | | | status and |
| | | | | | | | irrigation of |
| | | | | | | | crops should be based on |
| | | | | | | | I I |
| | | | | | | | weather forecast. Pest |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | scouting may be done |
| | | | | | | | where |
| | | | | | | | where |

| | | | | | | | necessary and coordinate the Agri. extension staff. |
|---|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|---|
| 6 | Entomological Research Institute, Faisalabad | Sugarcane Cotton | Borers Complex 0-0.7% Pyrilla 0-0.2 per leaf Mealybug Nil Whitefly Nil Black bug 0-0. Crop terminated | current situation, fruit borer and fruit fly are present | | • Creating awareness among farmers about major insect pests problem and suggested integrated approach for controlling insect pests | |
| | | Wheat | Crop sown | | | | |
| | | Mango | Mango Fruit Fly Nil Mango Hopper 0-0.25 nymph c adult/ branch | | | | |
| | | Citrus | Fruit Fly 0-2.9 Psylla0-0.55 per Leafminer 0-1.75% Black Fly 0-0.25 per leaf | | | | |
| | | Guava | Fruit Fly 0-5.6% infestation 0-7/trap/week Fruit Borer 0-0.3 % | | | | |
| | | Vegetables | Brinjal fruit bord 0-4.55% Thrips Below ETL Mites | er | | | |

| | | Rice Maize | Above ETL Armyworm In patches Cucurbit sucking insects Below ETL Fruit Fly 0-4.75% Jassid 0-0.10 per leaf Plant Hopper Nil Stem borer | | | | |
|---|--|----------------|--|--------------|--|---|---|
| 7 | Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha | Rabi Fodder | Attack of root rot was observed in Berseem crop. | Good | | Frequent cutting of Berseem is highly recommended in case of appearance of root rot in Berseem In case of severe attack fungicide may be applied at disease patches after cutting | Farmers should be vigilant about the attack of rust in oats crop |
| 8 | Citrus Research Institute, Sargodha | Citrus | Plant Pathology Division Defoliation symptoms were observed in some orange plants. Some symptoms of gummosis were observed on the stem of citrus plants. | Satisfactory | | Regular pest monitoring should be done To remove scales from fruit washing and waxing of fruits before consumption is recommended for citrus fruits Regular monitoring of mealy bug | |

| | | | Entomology Division There was also minor infestation of citrus red scales in orchards. Moreover, emergence of mealy bug nymphs is also expected in coming weeks. | infestation is also important. • Stem pasting along with matalaxyl + Mancozeb is recommended for gummosis. |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|--|---|
| 9 | PPRI, Faisalabad | Berseem & Lusern | Crown & Stem rot 10 % White mold 07% | Spray the crop thoroughly with Ami star top @ 2 CC / lit of water Scure @ 1 CC / lit of water Kumulus@ 2gm/ lit of water |
| | | Spinach | Cercospora leaf spot 09% | Spray the crop with Amistar-Top @ 2 ml / lit of water Score @ 1 ml / lit. of water Topsin-M @ 2gm / lit of water |
| | | Bell pepper | Collar rot Up to 08% | Spray the collar potation of plants along with adjacent soil with Aleitte @ 2 gm / lit of water Acrobat-MZ @ 3 gm / lit. of water |

| | | | | | | • Ridomil gold @ 2.5 gm / lit of water | |
|----|---------|---------------|------|-----------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|
| | | Tomato | | Bacterial wilt | | • Spray the collar | |
| | | | | Up to 7 % | | portion with | |
| | | | | 1 | | adjacent soil | |
| | | | | | | thoroughly with | |
| | | | | | | Streptomycine | |
| | | | | | | sulphat @ 1gm / lit | |
| | | | | | | of water | |
| | | | | | | • Kasugomycine @ | |
| | | | | | | 3gm / lit of water | |
| | | | | | | • Kocide @ 2.5 gm / | |
| | | | | | | lit of water | |
| | | Cauliflowe | | Downy mildew | | • Spray the crop with | |
| | | r | | 10 % | | | |
| | | | | | | • Aliette @ 2.5 gm/ | |
| | | | | | | lit of water | |
| | | | | | | • Curzate @ 2.5 gm / | |
| | | | | | | lit of water | |
| | | | | | | • Cabrio top @ 2.5 | |
| | | | | | | gm/ lit of water | |
| | | Squash | | White mold | | • Spray the crop | |
| | | gourd (in | | Up to 5 % | | thoroughly with | |
| | | tunnel) | | | | • Ami star top @ 2 | |
| | | | | | | CC / lit of water | |
| | | | | | | • Scure @ 1 CC / lit | |
| | | | | | | of water | |
| | | | | | | • Kumulus@ 2gm/ lit | |
| 10 | DADI | Cmanni direct | 0.22 | Haimy agt :11 - | | of water | Agricultural |
| 10 | BARI, | Groundnut | 0.22 | Hairy caterpillar | | • Start land | Experts should |
| | Chakwal | | | attack was observed in some | | preparation and | be consulted for |
| | | | | areas, which was | | seed for sowing of | the control of |
| | | | | controlled by | | crop in coming season | insects & |
| | | | | spraying | | • Select sandy soil to | diseases. Farmers can |
| | | | | insecticides. | | grow groundnut for | contact on |
| | L | l | | msceneraes. | | grow groundilut 101 | / |

| | | Weeds infestation was also a serious problem, which was eradicated manually and by spraying weedicides | | better yield. Tillage practices should perform three to four time prior to sowing the crop. First tillage should be done during first week of February. Deep ploughing should be done as first tillage so that maximum rain water may be preserved in the soil | Mobile phone No. 03345622125 (Fida Hassan Shah) for the production technology and problems of Groundnut crop. |
|--|-------|--|--|--|---|
| | Olive | No serious attack of insects or diseases | | • Advisory services are provided to the farmers at the institute as well as on the farms | |